

**GENERAL
CHAFFEE**

Will Act For the Present In Both Military and Diplomatic Capacity.

GOVERNMENT WAITS

For Definite Information Before Announcing Its Policy Any More Definitely.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—By direction of the president this morning this message was sent to Chaffee: "Report operations and the requirements of the situation."

Upon the answer to these questions the future policy of this government will largely depend. At the present time the administration feels that it has too little information upon these points to declare its fixed intention.

It is realized that Minister Cooger has suffered too much mentally and physically in the siege of the legation to be able at this time to undertake the necessary investigation. It is even possible that his report, despite intentions to be fair, would be more or less biased by a memory of his sufferings.

For that reason it has been thought best to rely upon General Chaffee, whose judgment is known to be of the soundest and whole in good health.

He will therefore act in both a military and diplomatic capacity for the present. It is probable that he will have a conference with Rockhill to assist him later.

SITUATION AT TIEN TSIN.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Gen. Barry under date of August 19 reports to the adjutant general the condition in and around Tien Tsin. The cablegram received this morning reads as follows:

TIEN TSIN, Aug. 19.—With reference to your telegram of the 16th, horses, materials, and troops were promptly lighted at Taku and forwarded to the front. The Sixth cavalry is now mounted. The transport Grant should be in Manila now. The hospitals are excellent, and ample for the present army; well supplied and in fine condition. Everything is satisfactory. I go to Peking tomorrow. The sick and wounded are doing well.

BARRY.

THE AMERICANS WERE AHEAD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Admiral Remy in a dispatch to the bureau of navigation gives additional details of the attack and capture of Peking. Following is the text of his dispatch:

CHEE FO, August 21.—Bureau of Navigation, Washington: TAKU, Aug. 20.—Dickens's command was landed today. PEKIN, Aug. 16.—All except the imperial buildings are cleared of Chinese troops. The American troops were the first to enter the imperial city, having penetrated to the gates of the palace. Captain Reilly, of the Fifth artillery, was killed on the 15th.

On the morning of the 19th the Sixth cavalry, about 400 English, and Japanese dispersed about 1,000 boxers, eight miles outside of Tien Tsin, and about 100 Chinese were killed, with five Americans wounded. Chaffee's losses have been six killed and 30 wounded, in two days fighting.

REMY.

FIGHTING ENDED.

TAKU, August 22.—A Japanese report has been received here saying that fighting in Peking is ended.

A TIMELY HINT

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—Koelnische Zeitung, commenting on Count Waldersee's remark that he would never order a retreat in China, warns the field marshal to remember about Buller.

DIRECT CABLE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The new cable between Taku and Chee Foo will be in working order this afternoon, making direct telegraphic communication between Washington and Peking.

HEAVY FIRING HEARD

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The commander of the German naval battalion marching on Peking reports hearing heavy and continuous firing northward.

The German naval battalion left Tien Tsin sometime between Saturday and Monday last.

PERFECT HARMONY

Said to Exist Among the Populists. AUBURN, Neb., Aug. 22.—Enroute to Topeka Bryan made this his first stopping place. He arrived at 10 a. m. and was driven to the residence of Wm. Campbell where he was entertained.

Bryan slept nearly all the way from Lincoln, tucked up in two seats of a day coach. At the small stations last night occasional voices sang out "There he is."

Bryan has decided to go to Omaha Saturday from Lincoln, over the Burlington. He will return home Sunday and depart for the G. A. R. encampment at Chicago on August 30.

Secretary Edgerton denounces as untrue the Associated Press report that harmony was wanting between himself and Chairman Edmiston over the endorsement of Stevenson. The best feeling prevails among the populist leaders. Edgerton says "Little doubt exists that Stevenson will be named at the committee meeting Monday. Some members oppose it and want a straight populist named. The majority, I think, want to avoid the complications of the double header of four years ago."

Edmiston left today for Topeka to attend the notification tomorrow.

CLAIMS DENIED

The French Line Virtually Refused To Pay Bourgogne Damages.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The hearing of the claims against the French Line, whose steamship, La Bourgogne, sank on July 4, 1898, off Sable Island with great loss of life, began in the United States district court yesterday. There are 63 claimants in all, and the claims stated on papers filed amount to \$1,206,534.75. Twenty-one claims, in which the amounts are not stated, will bring the sum total up to about \$1,500,000.

A petition of the French Line prays for a limitation of its liability for loss caused by the collision which resulted in the foundering of the French liner. The limitation, according to the federal statute upon which the petition is made, is the value of the ship and the freight pending. Inasmuch as all that was left of the ship was a boat and a life raft, and the freight sank with the ship, the liability of the company is practically limited to nothing. Therefore all of these claims may be cut off without a cent.

VIRGINIA NEGROES

Are Getting Agitated Over the Suffrage Question.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Aug. 22.—The negroes of this place are aroused over their movement to restrict illiterate negro suffrage. A convention met here today to effect an organization to fight the proposition and to deal with other questions affecting the interests of the race.

The best men of the race from every walk of life are present and their conclusions will in every respect be representative of the race's intellectual and moral worth. The whites are wearing red shirts as their emblem. The red shirt originated in 1898.

STATUE UNVEILED

To the Late Zebulon Vance At Raleigh.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 22.—The shaft in memory of Zebulon B. Vance, one of North Carolina's most famous statesmen, was unveiled here today. Many of the prominent men of the state were present, and took part in the observances. The unveiling had twice before been postponed owing to difficulties met with in the casting of the statue, once on May 30 and again on July 4. On the latter occasion it was again postponed until today.

KANSAS CITY MARKET

Today's Quotations On Cattle, Sheep And Hogs.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 22.—Cattle receipts, 16,005. Steady to 10 lower. Westerns 3.75, @ 5.50; Texas and Indian 2.80 @ 4.00 cows heifers 2.00 @ 5.15; bulls 3.00 @ 4.50; stockers and feeders 3.25 @ 4.65. Hog receipts, 8,505. Steady to 5 lower. Top 530; bulk sales 5.15 @ 5.25; extreme range 3.00 @ 5.30; light 5.20 @ 5.30; medium 5.12 @ 5.25; mixed 5.15 @ 5.25; heavy 5.12 @ 5.20; pigs and rough 3.60 @ 5.20.

TWENTY NATIVES

Sentenced to Death For Participation In the Recent Plague Riots.

CANBERRA, Aug. 22.—Twenty natives here have been sentenced to death for participation in the recent plague riots.

**GOING
AT LAST**

The Negro Infantry In Texas Get Definite Orders To Move On.

A SMALL GARRISON

Will Be Sent To Fort Bliss After the Twenty-Fifth Is Taken Away.

Special Dispatch to the Herald.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Aug. 22.—Orders have been received from Washington to the effect that the Twenty-fifth negro infantry will sail from San Francisco on the first day of October.

Fort Bliss will get a very small garrison for the present, only two non commissioned officers and eight men of troop G of the Tenth (negro) cavalry having been ordered to report at El Paso for post duty.

Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Silver 61 1/2; lead 4 00; copper 16 1/2.

Mexican money quotations in El Paso today: 48 1/2 @ 48 3/4.

**A FORMAL
STATEMENT**

Of the Sentiment and Policy Of El Paso Adopted Last Night.

RIGHTS OF RIPARIANS

Are Fully Recognized, and New Mexico Can Now Join With Us In Perfect Harmony.

There was a fair attendance at the meeting held last night in the district court room in the interest of the international dam. Captain T. J. Beall presided.

After Captain Beall had stated briefly the object of the meeting, Captain J. S. Hart moved that a committee of five be appointed to draft suitable resolutions stating the attitude of the people of El Paso. Messrs Stevens, McCutcheon, Magoffin, and Morehead were appointed, or rather elected, to act upon the committee with Captain Hart.

After the resolutions committee had retired, Secretary Russell read a letter from Captain A. B. Fall stating that it would be impossible for him to attend.

El Paso's Official Declaration

With Regard To the International Dam Question and the Rights Of New Mexico.

At a general meeting of the El Paso Chamber of Commerce last night the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, years of experience in this valley has made it clear that water for irrigation is an absolute necessity for the subsistence of our farmers, and

"Whereas, the water supply has been decreasing annually since the advent of railroads and increased population along the Rio Grande, and

"Whereas, there is an annual flow of flood waters in said river which goes unused to the Gulf, and

"Whereas, these flood waters are not yet appropriated, therefore

"Be it resolved by the people of El Paso, Texas, and the inhabitants of the valley below said city:

"First. That we shall proceed at once to ask our government for that relief to which we believe ourselves entitled by reason of the investigation and report made by the U. S. geological department and by the joint water boundary commission of the United States and Mexico when they proposed the erection of an international dam above this city for the purpose of furnishing a reservoir for the storage of the flood waters of the Rio Grande and such under currents and pluvial supply which contingency might furnish.

"Second. That in this work of securing such aid from our government we pledge ourselves to abandon any course which may prove detrimental to the rights of the citizens of New Mexico and Colorado, or those living along the banks of any stream tributary to the Rio Grande.

"Third. That we shall withhold our support and approval from any treaty with Mexico to bring about this dam unless the rights of said riparians are fully respected.

"Fourth. Resolved That we urge upon our Mexican neighbors in this valley the wisdom of this course, and ask them to co-operate with us in this work without the enmity of the citizens of New Mexico or Colorado."

PERJURY CHARGE

In Goebel Assassination Case

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. 22.—George F. Weaver, the prosecution's star witness in the trial of Goebel assassination case, was arraigned for perjury today. Weaver testified that he witnessed the assassination and saw a man with a rifle at a window of the office of the secretary of state. Three witnesses from Grayson county testified that Weaver was not in Frankfort the day Goebel was shot.

They declared that on Jan. 30, the day Goebel was shot, Weaver installed a lodge of Woodmen of the World at Grayson Springs, 130 miles from Frankfort.

Identification of Weaver was complete. He spoke to the witnesses. Weaver asserts, however, that he will be able to prove that he was not in Grayson Springs that day.

The Yontey case has been continued until the next term of court owing to his illness.

El Paso's prosperity as any other part of our tributary country.

W. H. Tuttle said that while there had long been a good deal of misunderstanding with reference to the dam question he believed that the effect of the retrial of the injunction case, at Las Cruces last winter, which was reported so very fully in the HERALD at the time, was to enlighten the people of El Paso and to aid greatly in crystallizing public sentiment. He held that, whatever we might do in the matter, we should consider the rights and preferences of the people of southern New Mexico as worthy of the most careful consideration.

C. W. Kindrick, United States consul at Juarez, said that the people of Juarez were practically a unit in their willingness and desire to have the objectionable sixth article of the proposed treaty eliminated, they being ready to accept this arrangement as apparently the only way out of the difficulty which had arisen.

During Mr. Kindrick's remarks the resolutions committee returned. Captain Hart read the report of the committee as printed on the front page of today's HERALD. After reading the resolutions Captain Hart said in part:

"We must start out in this matter by undoing whatever harm has been done and by correcting such errors as have been made. It has been many years now since some of us began to interest ourselves in this project, and as we look back, we can see wherein we have erred, and we can take the necessary steps to rectify the error.

"We were near the goal at one time, very near; so near, in fact, that had it not been for this sixth article of the draft of a proposed treaty submitted by Minister Romero, Secretary Olney would have signed the convention and ratification would have been almost certain. If then, this has all along been practically the only serious obstacle, it is to that we must turn our eyes.

"By the inclusion of this clause, great opposition has been aroused in New Mexico and Colorado. New Mexico, for instance, has sent committees to Washington to protest against such legislation, and the Denver chamber of commerce has, I understand, a special committee, devoted solely to fighting the international dam at El Paso, if to be built under such conditions. These resolutions, Mr. Chairman, will be a proclamation to these people that El Paso proposes to be just, and to consider the rights and desires of the people north of us.

"The people of Juarez and the valley below are now preparing a petition to Ambassador Aspirer asking for the negotiation of a treaty providing for a dam, but eliminating entirely all such demands as those of the sixth article before mentioned, and free from anything that might work to the detriment of the people of New Mexico. They are meeting the question like practical business men, and are endeavoring to solve the present problem while letting the future solve its own complications, if any shall arise."

Upon the conclusion of Captain Hart's remarks, a vote was taken upon the resolutions. They were passed unanimously and the meeting adjourned.

Among those present were Messrs. Stevens, McCutcheon, Morehead, Kindrick, Hart, Magoffin, Smith, Logan, Springer, Gifford, Krakauer, Tuttle, Emerson, Ramsey, Slater, John, and Ellis.

IN WISCONSIN

The Democrats Meet In State Convention.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 22.—The democratic state convention was called to order here this morning, and after the usual committees were appointed took a recess.

The sentiment in favor of the nomination of Louis Bomerich for governor is overwhelming. The slate for other places is not made up.

ANTI-GREEN

Managers Selected For the Thirtieth Congressional District.

Special Dispatch to the Herald.

SAN ANTONIO, Aug. 22.—The Hawley men have selected D. G. Hart of Eastland and J. A. Smith of El Paso to take charge of the anti Green campaign for the thirtieth district.

A BIT COOLER

But Chicago Is Still Hot Enough To Cause Trouble.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—A comfortable drop in temperature has relieved to a great extent the suffrage Chicago has been enduring, but it is still hot enough to cause prostrations.

**MEXICAN
GALA DAY**

Magnificent Program Planned For the Celebration Of September 15.

GREAT PREPARATIONS

In Progress For Making the Occasion One Long To Be Remembered.

All arrangements for the celebration by the Mexican colony of the independence of the republic of Mexico on the 15th of September, have been nearly completed.

Senor Francisco Mallen, the Mexican consul, has made up a list of the various committees, and they have been sent to the chairman. The route of the parade has also been fixed upon, and other details arranged.

The following is the program of the day:

The various organizations which will participate in the parade and celebration, will assemble Saturday evening, September 15, at the Mexican consulate on San Antonio street at 7:30 p. m. From the consulate the parade will march on San Antonio street to El Paso, thence to Fifth street, to Stanton, and thence to the plaza, arriving there at 9:30 o'clock.

The program at the plaza includes music by the Mexican bands, patriotic recitations, and addresses, by the speakers of the evening. The declaration of independence of the Mexican republic will be read.

The following are the committees having the celebration in charge:

Invitation: Francisco Mallen, Jose Antonio Escalada, Hilario Guerrero, Felix Martinez.

Music: Cruz Sanchez, Francisco Alderete, Palemon Rodriguez.

Program: Hilario Guerrero, Juan B. Olazabel, Jose L. Roquillo.

Decorations: Santa Cruz Castillo, Benito Juarez, Gil Martinez, Palemon Rodriguez, Manuel E. Flores, Domingo Zavala, Jose L. Roquillo.

Fireworks: Hilario Guerrero, Jacobo Blanco, Jose Antonio Escalada.

Concert: Professor Jesus Busas, Palemon Rodriguez, Espiridon Gutierrez, Jose Sozaya.

Escort: W. H. T. Lopez, Rafael Escobosa.

Arrangements: Pedro Gonzalez, C. Rico, Felipe Varela.

Marshals: Isaac Alderete, Si Ryan.

Mexico's independence day will be celebrated this year on the 15th of the month, instead of the 16th, which is the date of the declaration of independence. The 16th, this year falls on Sunday, and out of the respect to the customs of the Americans, Senor Mallen and the other gentlemen interested in the affair have decided to remember the day on the eve of the occasion, the 15th of September. The celebration accordingly will last only one day. It was originally intended that both the 15th and 16th should be remembered.

The Mexicans of this city and Juarez intend that the occasion shall be observed in a fitting and appropriate manner, and everybody connected with the affair intends that it shall be a memorable event in El Paso.

Fireworks and other methods of expressing patriotism will form a large part of the program of the entire day, and El Paso may look forward to an interesting and picturesque amusement.

Nick Nesius, the San Antonio street taxidermist, will construct for the committee three large floats representing various events in the history of Mexico. Mr. Nesius is a genius in this line and has had a large and varied experience in such work.

One float will represent some allegorical figure in Mexican history, typical of the occasion, while the other two will be equally as interesting and appropriate.

One float will show the Mexicans and Spaniards at Granada. The exterior of the castle will be in view, showing the historic assault of the Spanish soldiers.

The other will represent the interior of the castle, and will show the monks

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